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## **CALCULATION OF ACIDITY CONSTANTS OF AZO DYES DERIVED 4-(PHENYLDIAZENYL)BENZENE-1,3-DIOL BY DFT METHOD**

### **4-(PHENYLDİAZENİL)BENZEN-1,3-DİOLDEN TÜRETİLMİŞ AZO BOYARLARIN ASİTLİK SABİTLERİNİN DFT METODU İLE HESAPLANMASI**

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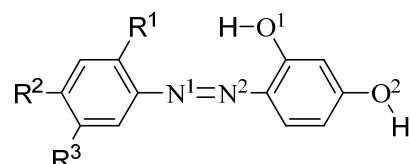
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## ABSTRACT

In this study, all acidity constants of six azo dyes derived from 4-(phenyldiazenyl)benzene-1,3-diol have been calculated by DFT method with Gaussian09 [1] program (B3LYP/6-311++G(d,p)) [2]. The theoretical data has compared with those of experimental ones [3]. Then, proton gain and loose centers of these molecules have been determined. It has been indicated that first protonation is on N1 nitrogen with correlation constant R<sub>2</sub>=0,9996. First deprotonation is on the hydrogen binding O1 with the correlation constants (R<sub>2</sub>=0, 9957) and second deprotonation is on the hydrogen binding O1 and O2 with R<sub>2</sub>=0, 9715.

**Table 1.** IUPAC Nomenclature of the studied molecules.



Compound No	IUPAC Name	Substituents		
		R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>
<b>1</b>	4-(Phenyldiazenyl)benzene-1,3-diol	H	H	H
<b>2</b>	4-((2,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)diazenyl)benzenesulfonic acid	H	SO <sub>3</sub> H	H
<b>3</b>	4-((2-Hydroxyphenyl)diazenyl)benzene-1,3-diol	OH	H	H
<b>4</b>	3-((2,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)diazenyl)-4-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid	OH	H	SO <sub>3</sub> H
<b>5</b>	4-((2-Chlorophenyl)diazenyl)benzene-1,3-diol	Cl	H	H
<b>6</b>	4-((2-Nitrophenyl)diazenyl)benzene-1,3-diol	NO <sub>2</sub>	H	H

## Dedication

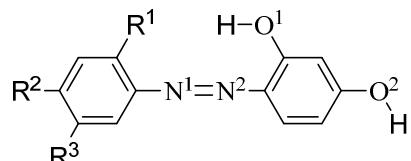
This work is dedicated to the memory of our colleague Dear Prof. Dr. Cemil Öğretir, who passed away on January 19, 2011.

## Keywords

Acidity constant, DFT, Azo dyes, theoretical calculation.

**ÖZET**

Bu çalışmada, 4-(phenyldiazenyl)benzene-1,3-diolden türetilmiş altı azo boyar maddenin asitlik sabitleri Gaussian09 [1] program (B3LYP/6-311++G(d,p)) (DFT metodu) ile hesaplanmıştır.[2]. Elde edilen teorik veriler deneyel verilerle kıyaslanmıştır [3]. Daha sonra, bu moleküllerin proton alma ve verme merkezleri belirlenmiştir. İlk protonlanması N1 azotu üzerinde olduğu ( $R^2=0,9996$  korelasyon sabiti) gösterilmiştir. İlk deprotonlanması O1'e bağlı hidrojendendir ( $R^2=0,9957$ ) ve ikinci deprotonlanması ise O1 ve O2'ye bağlı olan hidrojendendir ( $R^2=0,9715$ ).

**Tablo 1.** Çalışılan bileşiklerin IUPAC isimlendirilmeleri.

Bileşik No	IUPAC Adı	Sübstituentler		
		R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>
<b>1</b>	4-(Phenyldiazenyl)benzene-1,3-diol	H	H	H
<b>2</b>	4-((2,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)diazenyl)benzenesulfonic acid	H	SO <sub>3</sub> H	H
<b>3</b>	4-((2-Hydroxyphenyl)diazenyl)benzene-1,3-diol	OH	H	H
<b>4</b>	3-((2,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)diazenyl)-4-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid	OH	H	SO <sub>3</sub> H
<b>5</b>	4-((2-Chlorophenyl)diazenyl)benzene-1,3-diol	Cl	H	H
<b>6</b>	4-((2-Nitrophenyl)diazenyl)benzene-1,3-diol	NO <sub>2</sub>	H	H

**Anma**

Bu çalışma, 19 Ocak 2011 tarihinde kaybettigimiz çalışma arkadaşımız Sayın Prof. Dr. Cemil Öğretir'e adanmıştır.

**Anahtar Kelimeler**

Asitlik sabiti, DFT, azo boyar, teorik hesaplama.

**Kaynaklar / References**

- [1] Gaussian 09. Revision B.01. Gaussian Inc. Wallingford. CT., 2009.
- [2] B. Ghalami-Choobar, H. Dezhampah, P. Nikparsa and A. Ghiami-Shomami, International Journal of Quantum Chemistry, 112, 2275-2280, 2012.
- [3] H. Berber, C. Ogretir, E. C. S. Lekesiz and E. Ermis, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 53 (5), 1049-1055, 2008.